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Inverse Design of Architected Metamaterials for Targeted Responses under Different Strain Rates

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17th WCCM & 10th ECCOMAS

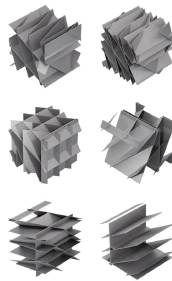
Munich, 23 July 2026

- negative Poisson's ratio



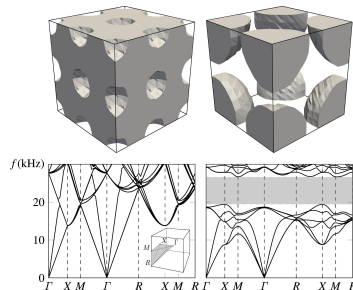
Gärtner et al. 2024

- negative Poisson's ratio
- optimal strength-to-weight ratio



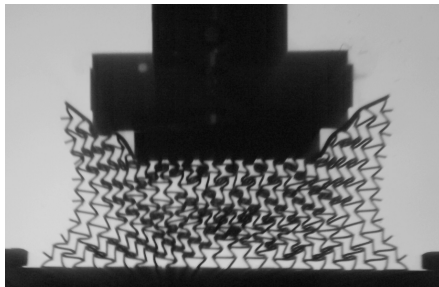
Meyer et al. 2024

- negative Poisson's ratio
- optimal strength-to-weight ratio
- acoustic bandgaps



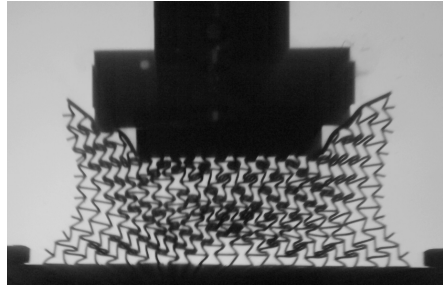
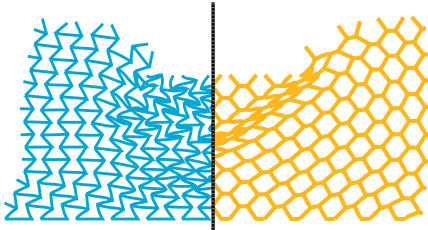
van den Boom et al. 2023

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Gärtner et al. 2025a

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Gärtner et al. 2025a

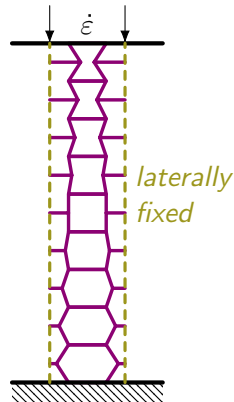
- Response of patch dominated by vertical differences
(cf Gärtner et al. 2025b)



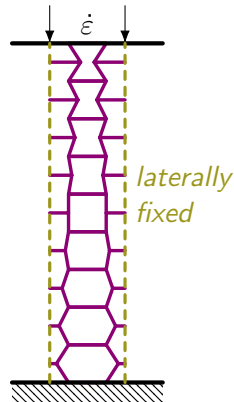
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- Extraction of single column to get a first measure



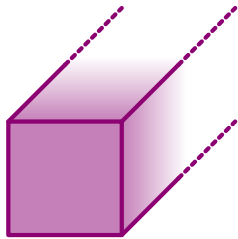
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- Representation of the lattice by discrete beams
- Generic steel as material

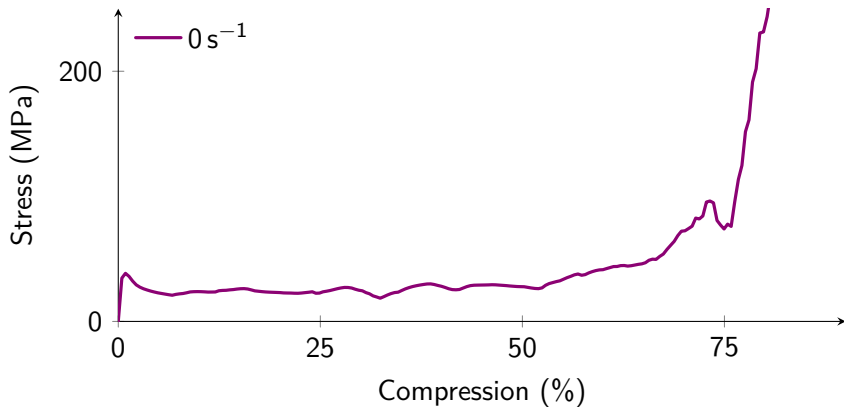
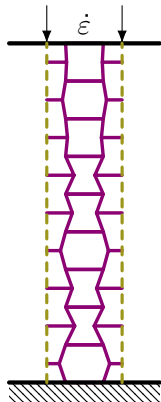


$$E = 210 \text{ GPa}$$

$$\nu = 0.3$$

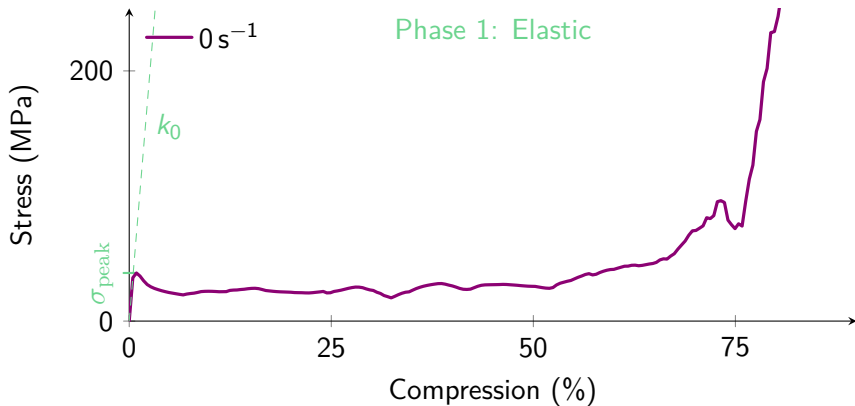
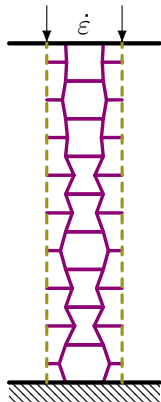
$$\rho = 7850 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$$

$$\sigma_y = 450 \text{ MPa}$$



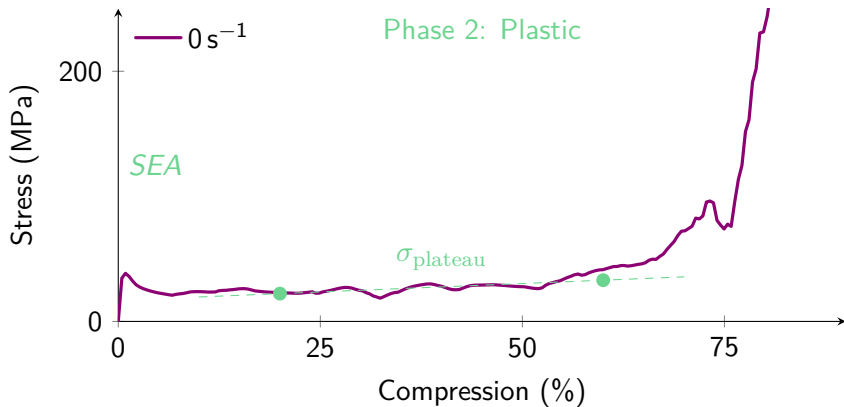
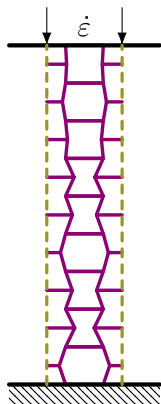
Shinde et al. 2024; ISO 13314 2011; Zimmerman et al. 2026

Description by Characteristic Parameters

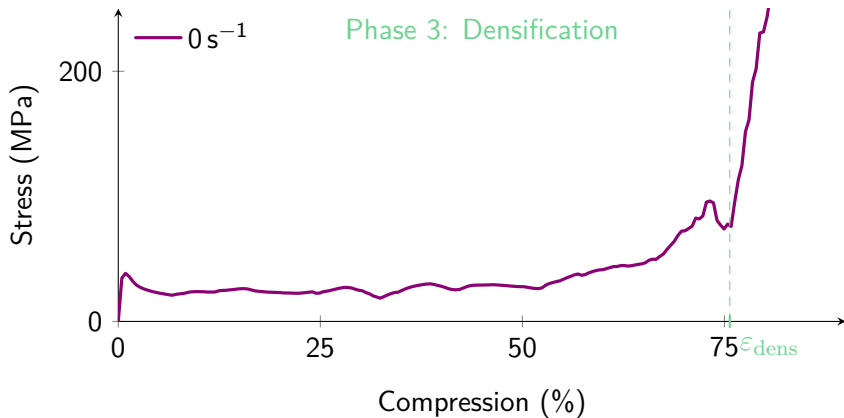
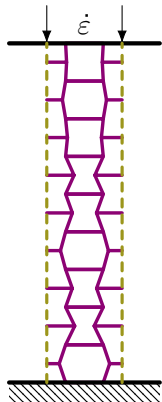


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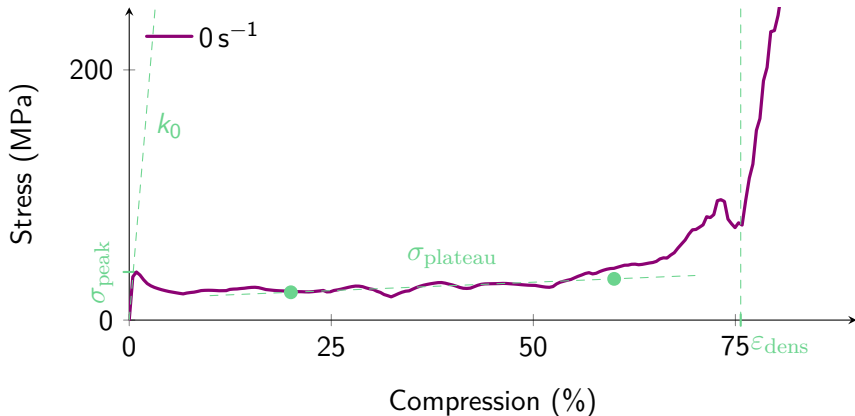
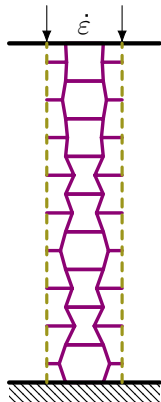
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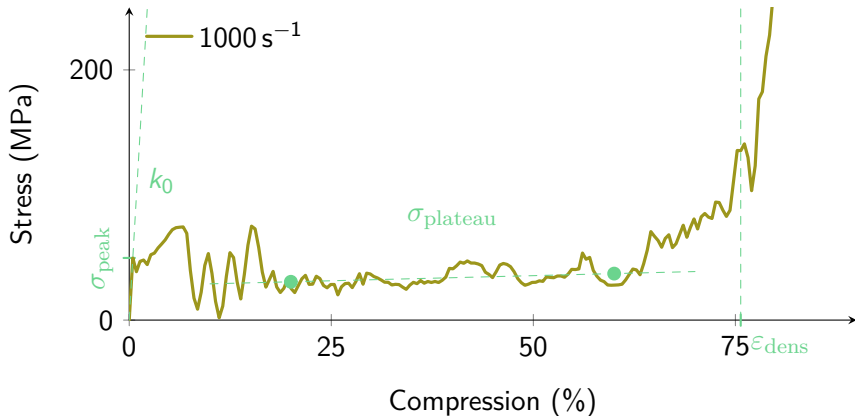
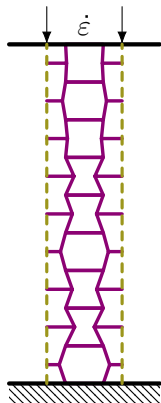


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Inverse Design of High-Rate Metamaterials (17WCCM)

Gärtner et al. | Leibniz University Hannover | 23.07.26

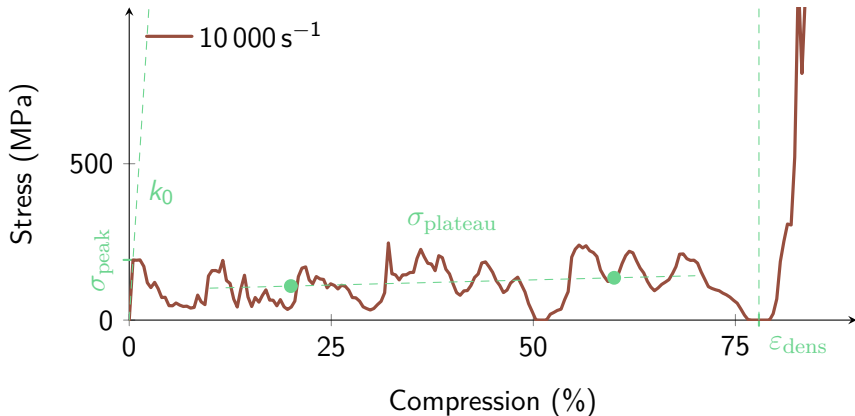
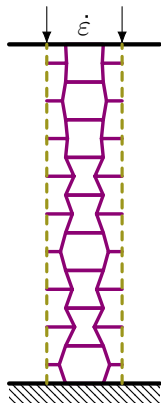
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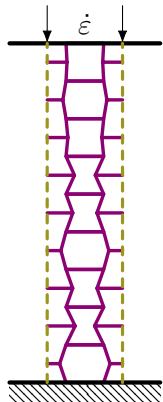
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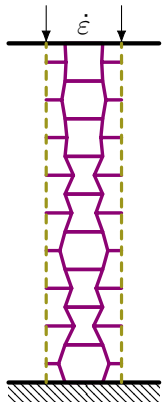
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Slide 4

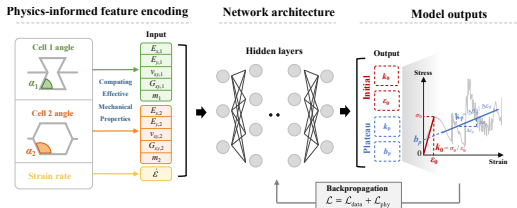
Design Variables to Characteristic Parameters



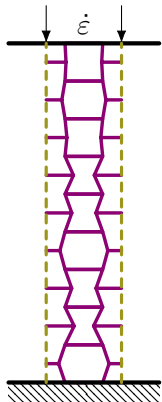
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(Wang, Gärtner, and Aldakheel *under review*)



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- Direct numerical simulation prohibitively expensive
- **Solution:**
 - Surrogate mapping for design variables to characteristic parameters (Wang, Gärtner, and Aldakheel *under review*)
- First model is successful but handles only two unit cells
- Current trials with property-convolution along the unit cells
- Folding collection of effective properties of single unit cells to distribution over the entire column

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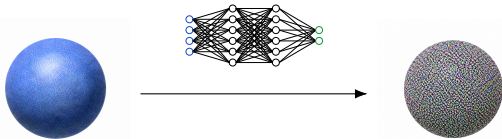
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1. Adding Noise:



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2. Predicting Noise:

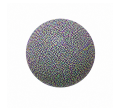


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3. Removing Noise:



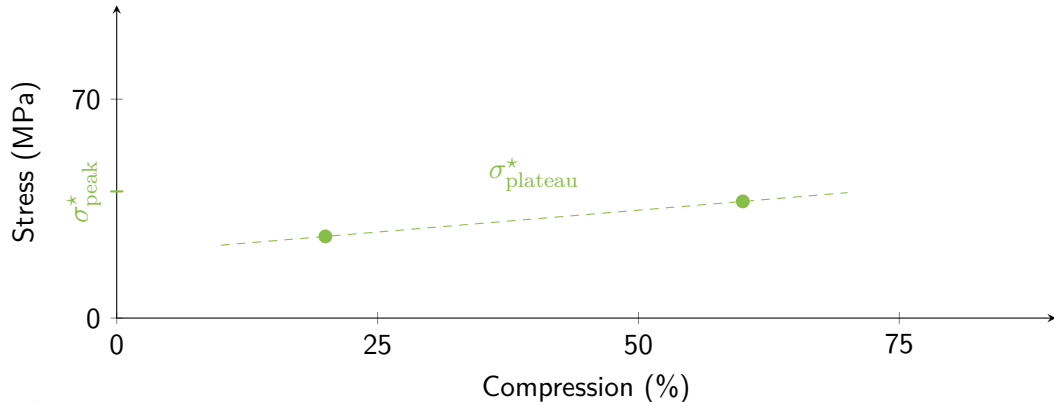
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- Generative models are the *en vogue* choice
- Conditional Diffusion to design lattices with targeted properties
- Design variables of unit cells as “image”
- Characteristic parameters & strain rate as conditioning

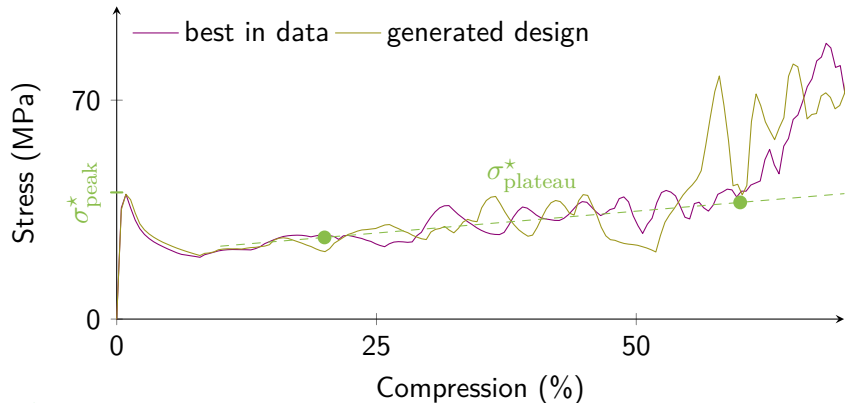


Target: mean values of the data distribution (at $\dot{\epsilon} = 0 \text{ s}^{-1}$)

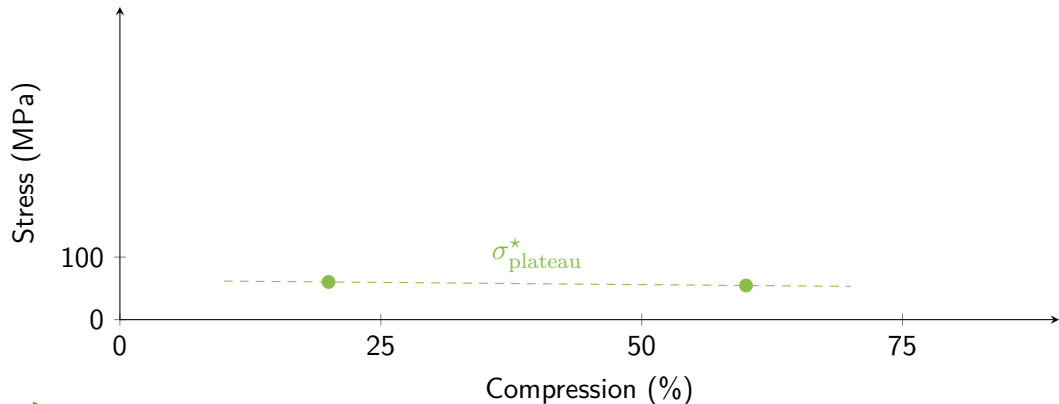


Inverse Design Fits the Given Target

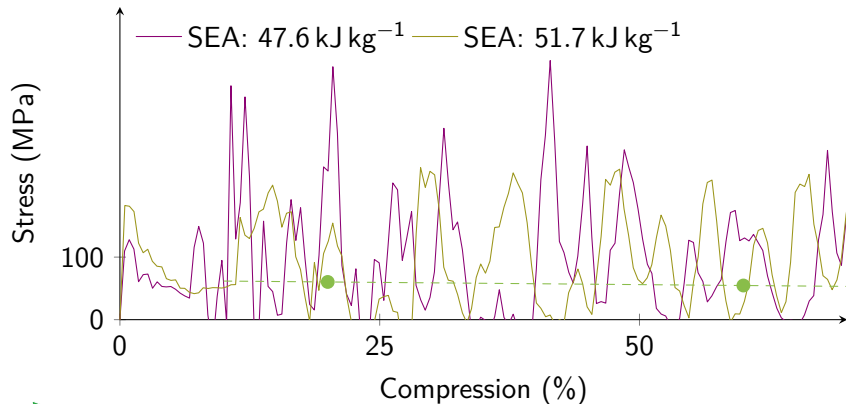
Target: mean values of the data distribution (at $\dot{\epsilon} = 0 \text{ s}^{-1}$)



Target: low σ_{plateau} ; high SEA (at $\dot{\epsilon} = 10\,000\text{ s}^{-1}$)



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- Inverse model able to generate designs with new properties
- Ensure stability of forward surrogate extension
- Possibility of different cell sizes in convolution
- Extend the inverse model for different boundary conditions
- Extend the framework to two and three dimensions





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Thank you!
Questions?

<http://go.lu-h.de/data-exp>

References I

- [1] T. Gärtner et al. “Geometric Effects on Impact Mitigation in Architected Auxetic Metamaterials”. In: *Mechanics of Materials* 191, 104952 (May 2024), p. 104952.
- [2] Paul P. Meyer, Thomas Tancogne-Dejean, and Dirk Mohr. “Non-Symmetric Plate-Lattices: Recurrent Neural Network-Based Design of Optimal Metamaterials”. In: *Acta Materialia* 278 (2024).
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- [4] T. Gärtner et al. “(In)Efficacy of Architected Auxetic Materials for Impact Mitigation”. In: *International Journal of Impact Engineering* 206, 105402 (Dec. 2025).
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- [7] *ISO 13314*. en. 2011.
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- [9] Haoning Wang, T. Gärtner, and F. Aldakheel. “Geometry-informed surrogate modeling for architected metamaterial design under high-rate loading”. unter review. 2026.